

Graph the function. Show the asymptotes and the intercepts.

1.  $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - 25}$   
 $(x+5)(x-5)$

x-intercept:

y-intercept:  $(0, -\frac{1}{25})$

Vertical asymptotes:  $x = 5$   $x = -5$

Horizontal Asymptotes:  $y = 0$

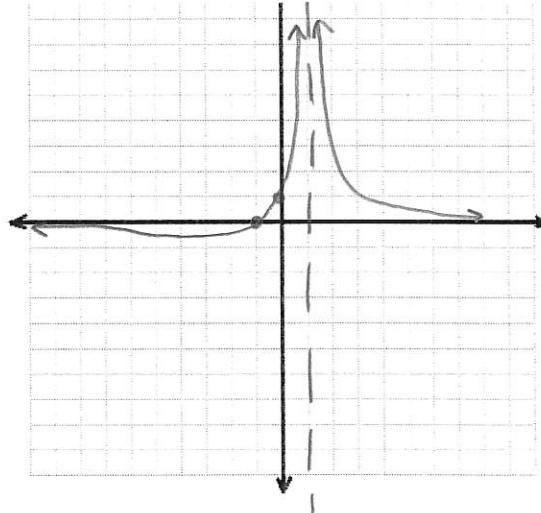
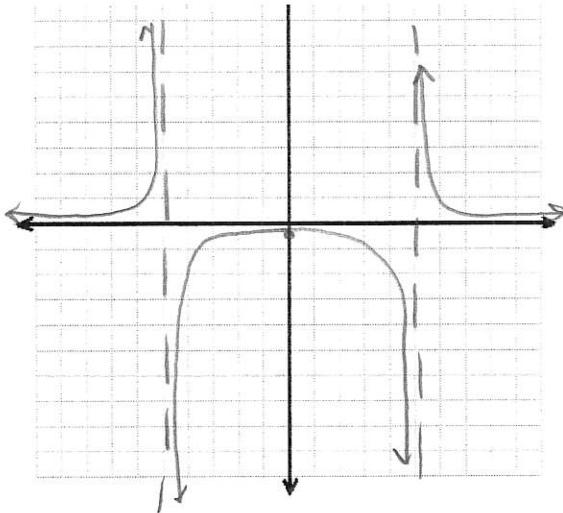
2.  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x^2 - 2x + 1}$   
 $(x-1)(x-1)$

x-intercept:  $(-1, 0)$

y-intercept:  $(0, 1)$

Vertical asymptotes:  $x = 1$

Horizontal Asymptotes:  $y = 0$



Find the zeros and vertical asymptotes.

$$(3x-2)(2x+1)$$

3.  $f(x) = \frac{6x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 - 4}$   
 $(x+2)(x-2)$

Zeros:  $x = 2/3, x = -1/2$

VA:  $x = 2, x = -2$

4.  $f(x) = \frac{3x-7}{x^2 - 2x - 15}$   
 $(x-5)(x+3)$

Zeros:  $x = 7/3$

VA:  $x = 5, x = -3$

5. If  $g(x) = 4x + 10$ , what is  $g^{-1}(x)$ ?

$$\begin{aligned} y &= 4x + 10 & g^{-1}(x) &= \frac{1}{4}x - \frac{10}{4} \\ x &= 4y + 10 \\ x - 10 &= 4y \\ y &= \frac{x-10}{4} \end{aligned}$$

6. If  $f(x) = x^2 + 3$ , what is  $f^{-1}(x)$ ?

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x^2 + 3 \\ x &= y^2 + 3 \\ x - 3 &= y^2 \\ y &= \pm \sqrt{x-3} \end{aligned}$$

Given:  $h(x) = 2x + 5$  and  $g(x) = 4x - 9$

Find:  $h(x) \cdot g(x)$

7.  $(h \cdot g)x =$

$$(2x+5)(4x-9)$$

$$8x^2 - 18x + 20x - 45$$

$$8x^2 + 2x - 45$$

$h(x) - g(x)$

8.  $(h - g)x =$

$$(2x+5) - (4x-9)$$

$$2x + 5 - 4x + 9$$

$$-2x + 14$$

$h(3) + g(3)$

9.  $(h + g)(3) =$

$$\begin{array}{r} 11 + 3 \\ \hline 14 \end{array}$$

Solve the following system.

10.  $y = x^2 + 6x + 5$

$$y = -2x^2 - 12x - 10$$

$$x^2 + 6x + 5 = -2x^2 - 12x - 10$$

$$3x^2 + 18x + 15 = 0$$

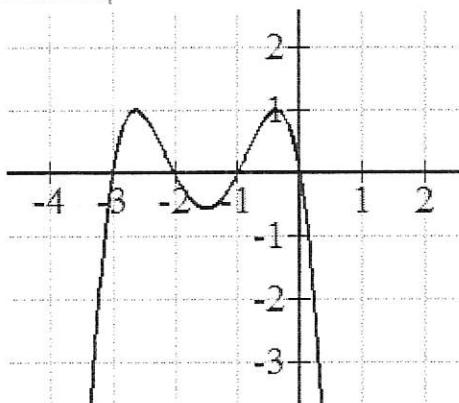
$$3(x^2 + 6x + 5) = 0$$

$$3(x+5)(x+1) = 0$$

$x = -5$     $x = -1$    substitute  
to find  $y$

$(-5, 0)$
$(-1, 0)$

12.



Leading coefficient: positive or negative

Degree: odd or even

Describe the end behavior:

$$x \rightarrow -\infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$x \rightarrow \infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$$

11.  $y - 10x = 5 \quad y = 10x + 5$

$$y = x^2 + 7x + 5$$

$$10x + 5 = x^2 + 7x + 5$$

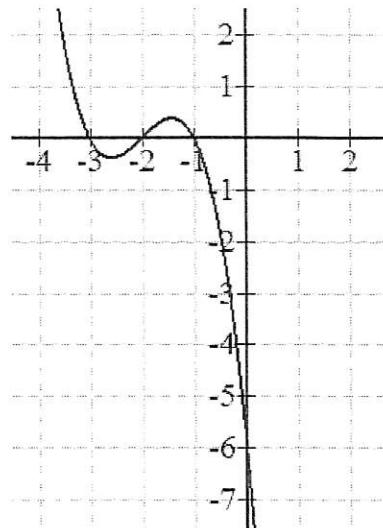
$$x^2 - 3x = 0$$

$$x(x-3) = 0$$

$$x = 0 \quad x = 3$$

$(0, 5)$
$(3, 35)$

13.



Leading coefficient: positive or negative

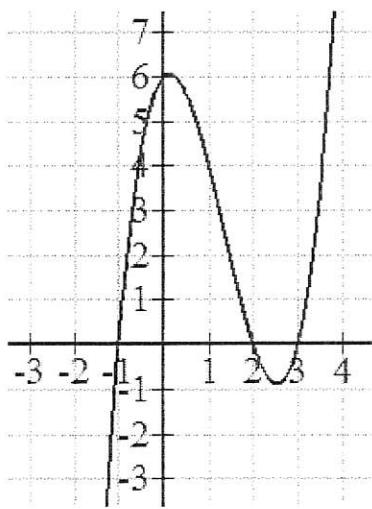
Degree: odd or even

Describe the end behavior:

$$x \rightarrow -\infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow \infty$$

$$x \rightarrow \infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$$

14.

Leading coefficient: positive or negativeDegree: odd or even

Describe the end behavior:

$$x \rightarrow -\infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$x \rightarrow \infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow \infty$$

16. Write the polynomial with the given zeros.

$$1 + \sqrt{5}, 1 - \sqrt{5}$$

$$(x - 1 - \sqrt{5})(x - 1 + \sqrt{5})$$

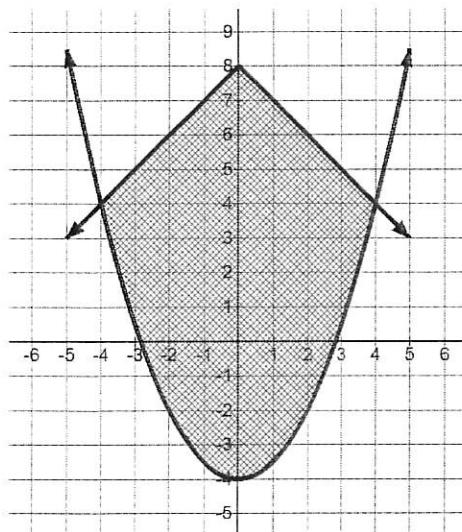
$$\begin{array}{r} x^2 - x + \sqrt{5}x \\ -x \qquad \qquad +1 - \sqrt{5} \\ \hline -\sqrt{5}x - 5 + \sqrt{5} \\ \hline x^2 - 2x - 4 \end{array}$$

$$y \leq x + 2$$

$$y > x^2 - 4$$

$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 4$$

17. Choose the correct system of equations for the given graph.



a)   $y \leq -|x| + 8$

$$y \leq \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 4$$

b)   $y \geq -|x| + 8$

$$y \geq \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 4$$

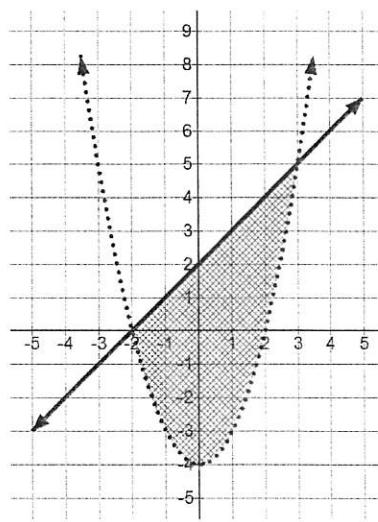
c)   $y \leq -|x| + 8$

$$y \geq \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 4$$

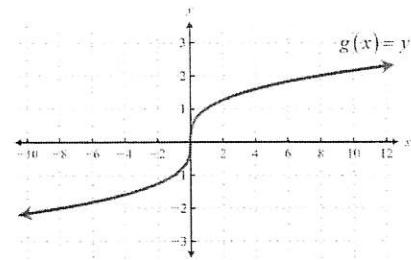
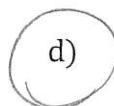
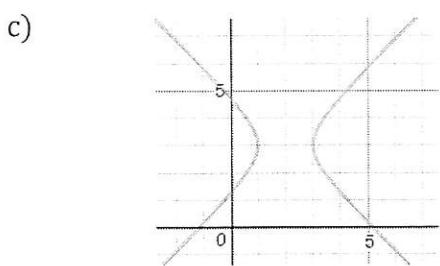
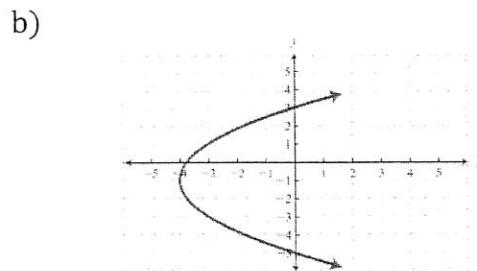
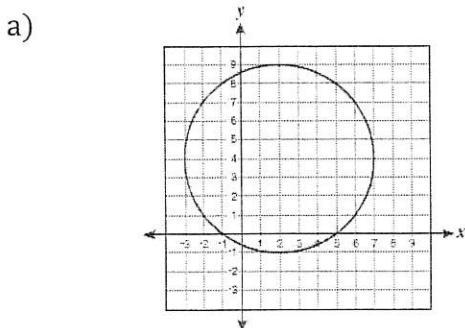
d)   $y \geq -|x| + 8$

$$y \leq \frac{1}{2}x^2 - 4$$

15. Write the inequalities for the given system.



18. Which of the following relations is a function?



19. Which of the following relations is a function?

a)  $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 9$

b)  $x^2 - y^2 = 1$

c)  $y = (x - 4)^2 + 7$

d)  $x = (y + 1)^2 - 5$

State the domain and range of the following functions.



20.  $y = -\frac{2}{3}|x - 3| + 5$

D:  $\mathbb{R}$  or  $\mathbb{R}$   
R:  $(-\infty, 5]$  or  $y \leq 5$

21.  $y = \sqrt{x + 2} + 4$

D:  $[-2, \infty)$  or  $x \geq -2$   
R:  $[4, \infty)$  or  $y \geq 4$

22.  $y = 5\sqrt[3]{x} - 10$

D:  $\mathbb{R}$   
R:  $\mathbb{R}$

23.  $y = -3(x - 6)^2 - 7$

D:  $\mathbb{R}$  or  $\mathbb{R}$   
R:  $(-\infty, -7]$  or  $y \leq -7$

