

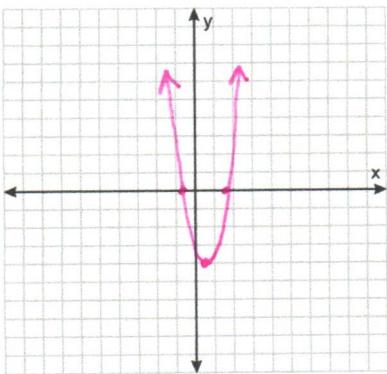
Graph the following equations.

1. $f(x) = 4x^2 - 4x - 3$

V: $(\frac{1}{2}, -4)$

x-intercept(s):

$(-\frac{1}{2}, 0)$ $(\frac{3}{2}, 0)$



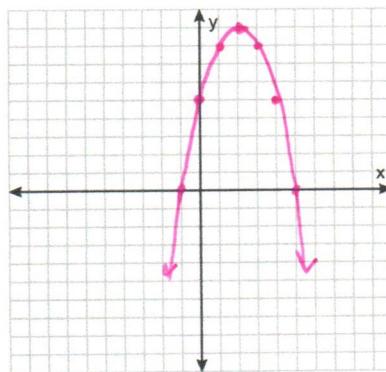
2. $f(x) = -x^2 + 4x + 5$

V: $(2, 9)$

x-intercept(s): $(-5, 0)$ $(-1, 0)$

y-intercept: $(0, -3)$

y-intercept: $(0, 5)$



3. $f(x) = -2(x - 3)^2 + 6$

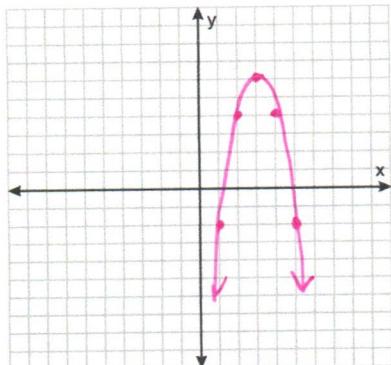
V: $(3, 6)$

x-intercept(s):

$(3 \pm \sqrt{3}, 0)$

y-intercept:

$(0, -12)$



4. $f(x) = (x + 2)^2 - 7$

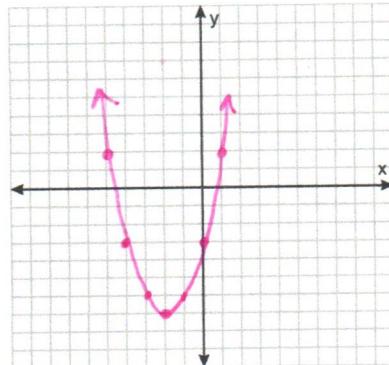
V: $(-2, -7)$

x-intercept(s):

$(-2 \pm \sqrt{7}, 0)$

y-intercept:

$(0, -3)$



5. $g(x) = -3(x - 3)^2$

Vertex: $(3, 0)$

Max/Min:

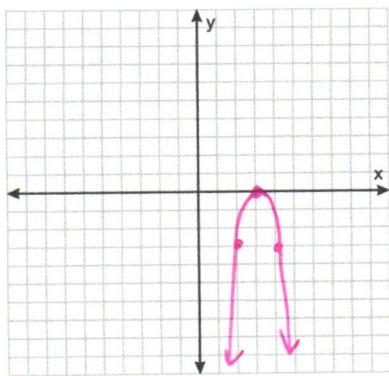
Write the end behavior and interval of increase and decrease.

Increase: $(-\infty, 3]$

Decrease: $[3, \infty)$

$x \rightarrow -\infty \quad y \rightarrow -\infty$

$x \rightarrow \infty \quad y \rightarrow -\infty$



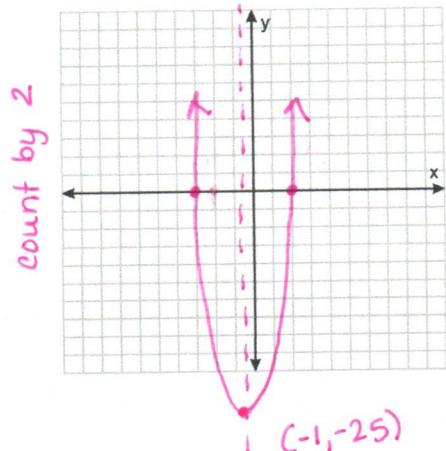
7. $f(x) = (x - 4)(x + 6)$

Vertex: $(-1, -25)$

Max/Min:

x-intercept(s): $(4, 0) \quad (-6, 0)$

y-intercept: $(0, -24)$



6. $f(x) = x^2 - 4x - 12$ (hint: factor)

Vertex: $(2, -16)$

Max/Min:

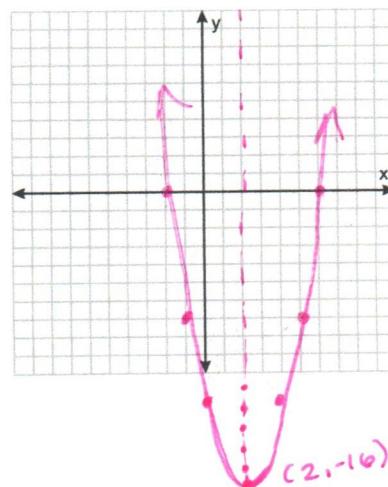
Write the end behavior and interval of increase and decrease.

Decrease: $(-\infty, 2]$

Increase: $[2, \infty)$

$x \rightarrow -\infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow \infty$

$x \rightarrow \infty \quad f(x) \rightarrow \infty$



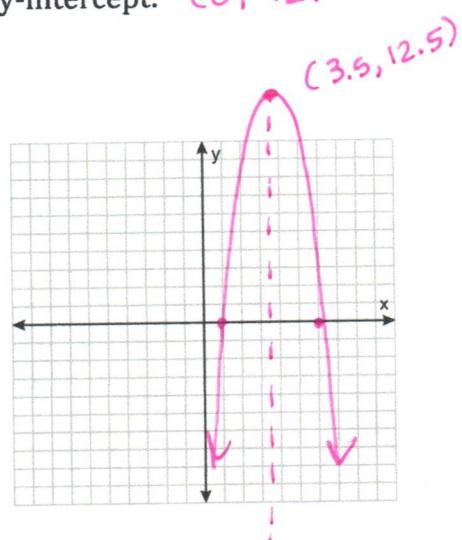
8. $f(x) = -2(x - 6)(x - 1)$

Vertex: $(3.5, 12.5)$

Max/Min:

x-intercept(s): $(6, 0) \quad (1, 0)$

y-intercept: $(0, -12)$



Write the quadratic equation for the given information.

9. $(-4, 0), (2, 0), (0, -16)$

$y = 2(x+4)(x-2)$

10. $(2, 0), (-8, 0), (0, -8)$

$y = \frac{1}{2}(x-2)(x+8)$

11.

x	y
0	8
1	3
2	0
3	-1
4	0

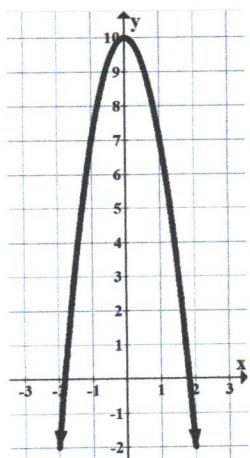
$y = (x-3)^2 - 1$

12.

x	y
2	7
3	-2
4	-5
5	-2
6	7

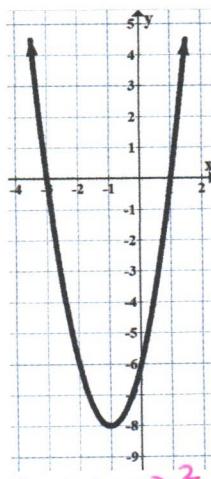
$y = 3(x-4)^2 - 5$

13.



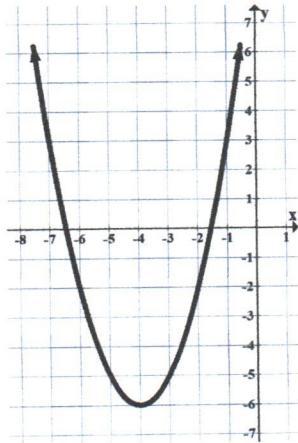
$y = -3x^2 + 10$

14.



$y = 2(x+1)^2 - 8$ or
 $y = 2(x+3)(x-1)$

15.



$y = (x+4)^2 - 6$

16. Write the equation for the quadratic equation with the given zeros and a leading coefficient of 1. Zeros: $x = 4, x = -8$

$y = (x-4)(x+8)$

17. Write the equation for the quadratic equation with the given zeros and a leading coefficient of -2. Zeros: $x = -1, x = -8$

$y = -2(x+1)(x+8)$

18. Write the equation for the quadratic equation with the given zeros and a leading coefficient of $\frac{1}{3}$. Zeros: $x = 4, x = -8$

$y = \frac{1}{3}(x-4)(x+8)$

Solve for x by factoring.

19. $4x^2 + 10x - 24 = 0$

$x = \frac{3}{2}, -4$

21. $x^2 + 64 = 0$

$x = \pm 8i$

23. $11x^2 + 18x = -7$

$x = -\frac{7}{11}, -1$

25. $9x^2 - 30x = -25$

$x = \frac{5}{3}$

27. $25x^2 - 64 = 0$

$x = \pm \frac{8}{5}$

29. $4x^3 + 24x^2 + 20x = 0$

$x = 0, -5, -1$

20. $6x^3 + 22x^2 - 8x = 0$

$x = 0, \frac{1}{3}, -4$

22. $2x^3 - 8x = 0$

$x = 0, -2, 2$

24. $x^2 - 14 = 0$

$x = \pm \sqrt{14}$

26. $4x^2 + 121 = 0$

$x = \pm \frac{11}{2}i$

28. $x^2 = -5x + 6$

$x = 1, -6$

30. $15x^2 = -7x + 2$

$x = \frac{4}{5}, -\frac{2}{3}$

Without graphing find the x-intercept(s) and y-intercept.

31. $y = \frac{1}{3}(x - 2)^2 + 9$

x-int: None

y-int: $(0, \frac{31}{3})$

32. $y = -2(x - 5)^2 + 24$

x-int: $(5 \pm 2\sqrt{3}, 0)$

y-int: $(0, -26)$

33. $y = 5x^2 - 4x - 12$

x-int: $(-\frac{6}{5}, 0), (2, 0)$

y-int: $(0, -12)$

34. $y = x^2 + 13x - 48$

x-int: $(-16, 0), (3, 0)$

y-int: $(0, -48)$