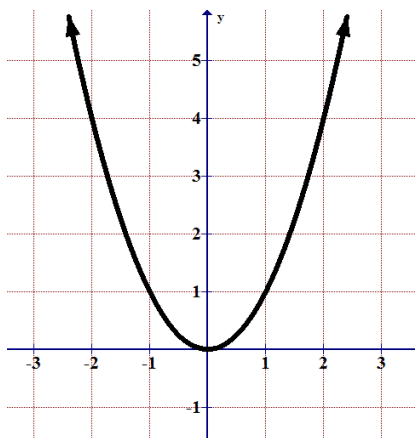


Quick review of transformations

Let's start with a parabola!!



$$y = a(x - h)^2 + k$$

↑ ↑ ↑

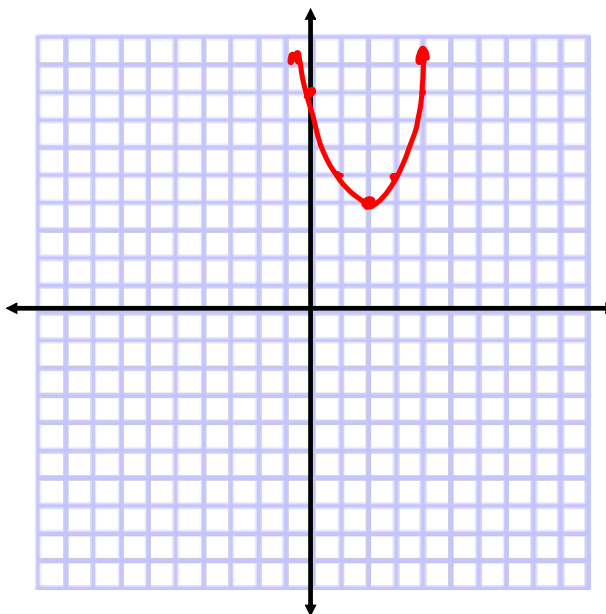
Vertical horizontal Vertical
Stretch left or up
or right or
Shrink down

$$y = 2(x + 1)^2 + 3$$

Graph:

$$y = (x - 2)^2 + 4$$

$$V: (2, 4)$$

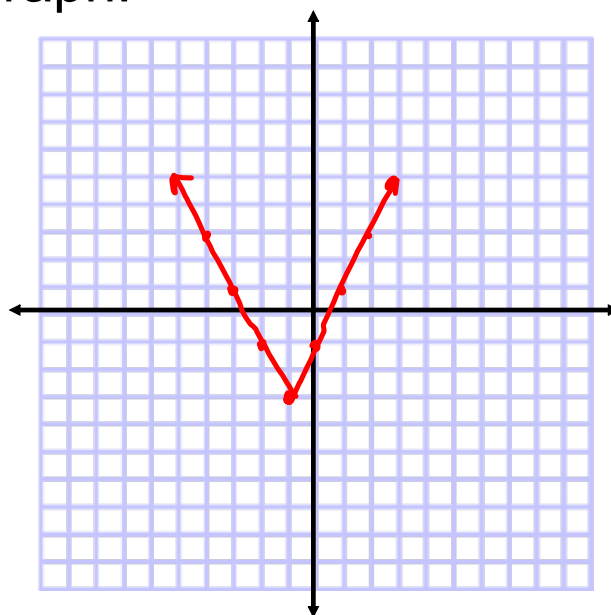


Use the same idea to graph:

$$y = \underset{\substack{\text{I} \\ 2}}{2} | \underset{\substack{\text{h} \\ x}}{x} + \underset{\substack{\text{K} \\ 1}}{1} | - \underset{\substack{\text{K} \\ 3}}{3}$$

$$V: (-1, -3)$$

$$1, 1, 1, 1, 1$$



Same idea but with a line.

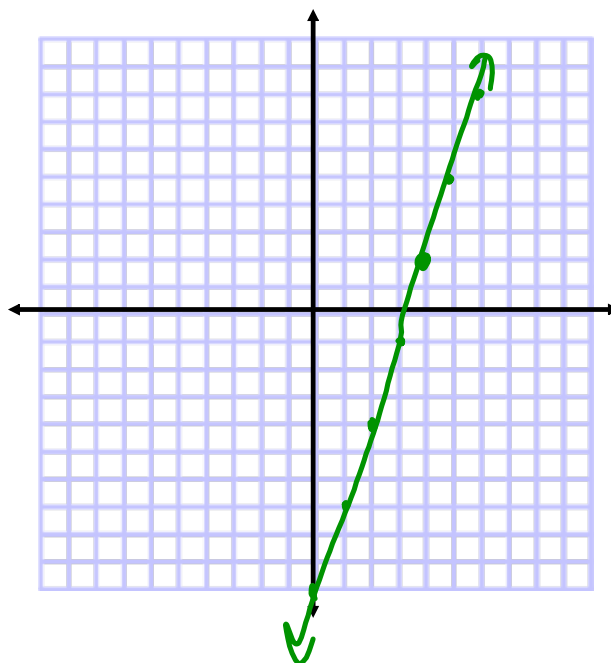
$$y = 3x - 12 + 2$$

$$y = \underset{\text{T}}{3}(\underset{\text{h}}{x - 4}) + \underset{\text{K}}{2}$$



Sometimes referred to as
point - slope form

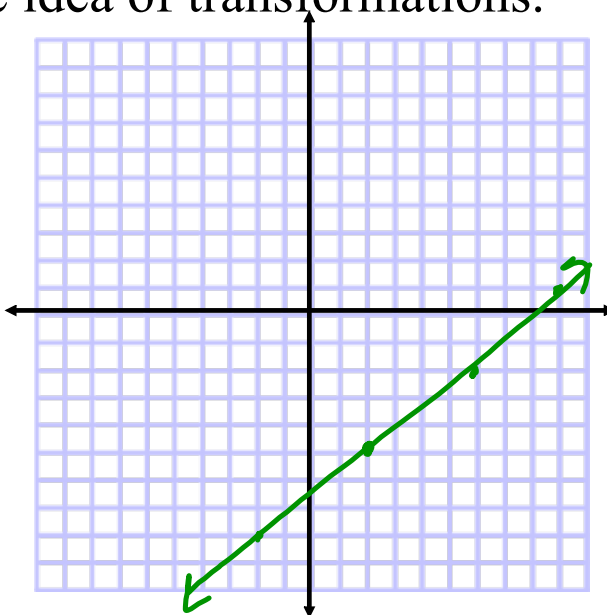
$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$



Graph and write the equation of the line with the
given information. Use the idea of transformations.
(point - slope)

$$(2, -5) \quad m = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$y = \frac{3}{4}(x - 2) - 5$$



Write the equation for the line that passes through the given points. Use the idea of transformations.

A (5, 4) and B (-6, -3)

$$m = \frac{4 - (-3)}{5 - (-6)} = \frac{7}{11}$$

$$y = \frac{7}{11}(x - 5) + 4 \quad \star$$

$$y = \frac{7}{11}(x + 6) - 3 \quad \star$$