Section 4.4 Trigonometric functions of any angle

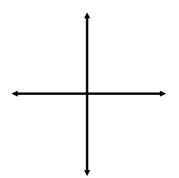
Reference Angle: acute, positive, vertex at origin, rays are terminal side of θ and x-axis.

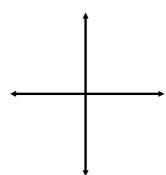
Find the reference angle:

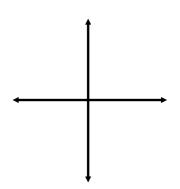
$$\theta = 300^{\circ}$$

$$\theta = -135^{\circ}$$

$$\theta = 63^{\rm o}$$







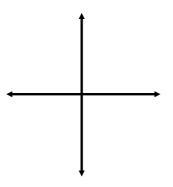
Reference triangle: terminal side is hypotenuse, one leg is x-axis, θ is at the origin

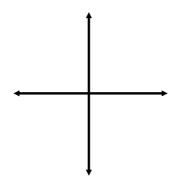
Draw the reference triangle and find the reference angle:

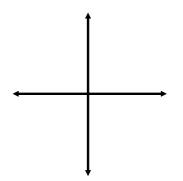
$$\theta = 5\pi/9$$

$$\theta = -15\pi/11$$

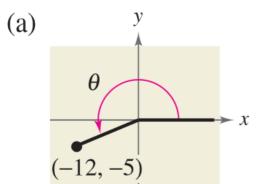
$$\theta = 14\pi/9$$

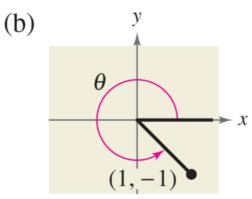






Find the exact values of the six trigonometric functions of θ .





The point is on the terminal side of an angle in standard position. Determine the exact value of the six trigonometric functions of the angle.

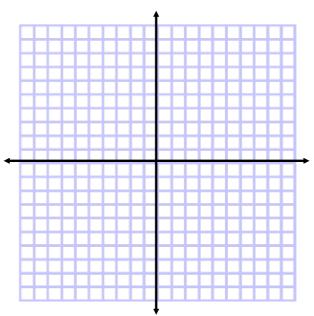
$$(-4, 10)$$
 $(-3, -5)$

Find the exact values of the remaining trigonometric functions of θ satisfying the given conditions.

$$\cot \theta = -3 \text{ and } \cos \theta > 0$$

The terminal side of θ lies on the given line in the specified quadrant. Find the exact values of the six trigonometric functions of θ by finding a point on the line.

$$4x + 3y = 0$$
 and Quad IV



Use the function value to find the indicated trigonometric value in the specified quadrant.

 $csc\theta = -2$ in quad IV Find: $cot\theta =$

Section 4.4 Pgs. 294-296: #11, 15, 17, 19-23, 25, 33-89 odd, 95, 97, 98, 101, 102